

Beco Technic GmbH

21502 Geesthacht

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**1.1 Product identifier****Heli Ultra Schmuckbeize****1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against****1.2.1 Relevant uses**

Cleaning agent

1.2.2 Uses advised against

None known.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**Company**Beco Technic GmbH
Hermsdorfer Str. 5
21502 Geesthacht / GERMANY
Phone +49 (0) 41 52 / 80 96 56
Fax +49 (0) 41 52 / 80 96 96
Homepage www.beco-technic.com
E-mail service@beco-lifestyle.com**Address enquiries to****Technical information**info@beco-technic.com**Safety Data Sheet**sdb@chemiebuero.de**1.4 Emergency telephone number****Advisory body**

+49 (0) 551-19240 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**Skin Corr. 1A: H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Eye Dam. 1: H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Carc. 2: H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
Repr. 2: H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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2.2 Label elements

The product is required to be labelled in accordance with GHS/CLP-Directives.

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

DANGER

Contains:

Hydrochloric acid

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),.alpha.-(2-propylheptyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-
Thiourea

Hazard statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe vapours / spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents / container to in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulation.

Cleaner, 648/2004/CE, contains:

< 5% non-ionic surfactants

2.3 Other hazards

Human health dangers

It is essential for pregnant women to avoid inhaling the product and not to let it come in contact with the skin.

Other hazards

Further hazards were not determined with the current level of knowledge.

SECTION 3: Composition / Information on ingredients

Product-type:

The product is a mixture.

Range [%]	Substance
5 - 15	Thiourea CAS: 62-56-6, EINECS/ELINCS: 200-543-5, EU-INDEX: 612-082-00-0 GHS/CLP: Carc. 2: H351 - Repr. 2: H361d - Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Aquatic Chronic 2: H411
1 - < 10	Hydrochloric acid CAS: 7647-01-0, EINECS/ELINCS: 231-595-7, EU-INDEX: 017-002-01-X GHS/CLP: Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - STOT SE 3: H335 - Met. Corr. 1: H290
1 - < 5	Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),.alpha.-(2-propylheptyl)-.omega.-hydroxy- CAS: 160875-66-1, EINECS/ELINCS: Polymer GHS/CLP: Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Eye Dam. 1: H318

Comment on component parts

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.
Substances of Very High Concern - SVHC: substances are not contained or are below 0.1%.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Inhalation	Ensure supply of fresh air. Remove the victim into fresh air and keep him calm. In the event of symptoms seek medical treatment.
Skin contact	In case of contact with skin wash off immediately with soap and water. Immediate medical treatment necessary, as untreated burns can result in slow-healing wounds.
Eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Consult a doctor immediately.
Ingestion	Consult a doctor immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Rinse out mouth and give plenty of water to drink.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.
If swallowed or in the event of vomiting, risk of product entering the lungs.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	All extinguishing media are suitable but method must take into account the surrounding area to minimize dispersion.
Extinguishing media that must not be used	Full water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Risk of formation of toxic pyrolysis products.
Carbon monoxide (CO)
Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Use self-contained breathing apparatus.
Wear full protective suit.
Collect contaminated firefighting water separately, must not be discharged into the drains.
Fire residues and contaminated firefighting water must be disposed of in accordance within the local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation.
Wear suitable protective equipment. For personal protection see SECTION 8.
Remove persons to safety.
High risk of slipping due to leakage/spillage of product.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent spread over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Do not discharge into the drains/surface waters/groundwater.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up with absorbent material (e.g. acid binder).
Pick up with absorbent material (e.g. sand, universal absorbent, diatomaceous earth).
Dispose of absorbed material in accordance within the regulations.

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6.4 Reference to other sections

See SECTION 8+13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use barrier skin cream.

Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Provide acid-resistant floor.

Keep only in original container.

Do not store with alkalis.

Do not store together with oxidizing agents.

Do not store together with food and animal food/diet.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

Keep in a cool place.

Protect from heat/overheating.

Protect from sun.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See product use, SECTION 1.2

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection**8.1 Control parameters****Ingredients with occupational exposure limits to be monitored (GB)**

Substance
Hydrochloric acid
CAS: 7647-01-0, EINECS/ELINCS: 231-595-7, EU-INDEX: 017-002-01-X
Long-term exposure: 1 ppm, 2 mg/m ³ , gas and aerosol mists
Short-term exposure (15-minute): 5 ppm, 8 mg/m ³

Ingredients with occupational exposure limits to be monitored (EU)

Substance / EC LIMIT VALUES
Hydrochloric acid
CAS: 7647-01-0, EINECS/ELINCS: 231-595-7, EU-INDEX: 017-002-01-X
Eight hours: 5 ppm, 8 mg/m ³
Short-term (15-minute): 10 ppm, 15 mg/m ³

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8.2 Exposure controls

Additional advice on system design	Ensure adequate ventilation on workstation.
Eye protection	Tightly fitting goggles. (EN 166:2001)
Hand protection	0,7mm: Butyl rubber, >480 min (EN 374). The details concerned are recommendations. Please contact the glove supplier for further information.
Skin protection	Acid-resistant protective clothing.
Other	Avoid contact with eyes and skin. It is essential for pregnant women to avoid inhaling the product and not to let it come in contact with the skin. Personal protective equipment should be selected specifically for the working place, depending on concentration and quantity handled. The resistance of this equipment to chemicals should be ascertained with the respective supplier.
Respiratory protection	Not required under normal conditions.
Thermal hazards	No information available.
Delimitation and monitoring of the environmental exposition	Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Form	liquid
Color	clear pink
Odor	mild
Odour threshold	No information available.
pH-value	1
pH-value [1%]	No information available.
Boiling point [°C]	> 100
Flash point [°C]	not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) [°C]	not applicable
Lower explosion limit	not applicable
Upper explosion limit	not applicable
Oxidising properties	no
Vapour pressure/gas pressure [kPa]	No information available.
Density [g/ml]	1,05 (20 °C / 68,0 °F)
Bulk density [kg/m³]	not applicable
Solubility in water	soluble
Partition coefficient [n-octanol/water]	No information available.
Viscosity	No information available.
Relative vapour density determined in air	No information available.
Evaporation speed	No information available.
Melting point [°C]	< 0
Autoignition temperature [°C]	not applicable
Decomposition temperature [°C]	No information available.

9.2 Other information

none

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1 Reactivity**

No dangerous reactions known if used as directed.

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10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reactions with alkalis (lyes).

Reactions with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Strong heating.

Sunlight

10.5 Incompatible materials

See SECTION 10.3.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No dangerous reactions known if used as directed.

In the event of fire: See SECTION 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1 Information on toxicological effects****Acute toxicity**

Substance
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),.alpha.-(2-propylheptyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-, CAS: 160875-66-1
LD50, dermal, Rabbit: >2000 mg/kg bw.
LD50, oral, Rat: >700 - 1700 mg/kg bw.
Hydrochloric acid, CAS: 7647-01-0
LD50, dermal, Rabbit: > 5010 mg/kg.
Thiourea, CAS: 62-56-6
LD50, dermal, Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg (Lit.).
LD50, oral, Rat: 1750 mg/kg.

Serious eye damage/irritationRisk of serious damage to eyes.
The classification is due to the extreme pH.**Skin corrosion/irritation**Product is caustic.
The classification is due to the extreme pH.**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**Toxicological data of complete product are not available.
Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.**Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure**Toxicological data of complete product are not available.
Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.**Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure**Toxicological data of complete product are not available.
Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.**Mutagenicity**Toxicological data of complete product are not available.
Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.**Reproduction toxicity**Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Calculation method**Carcinogenicity**Suspected of causing cancer.
Calculation method**Aspiration hazard**

Based on the available information, the classification criteria are not fulfilled.

General remarks

none

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Substance
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),.alpha.-(2-propylheptyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-, CAS: 160875-66-1
LC50, (96h), Oncorhynchus mykiss: >10 - 100 mg/L.
EC50, (72h), Scenedesmus subspicatus: >10 - 100 mg/L.
EC50, (48h), Daphnia magna: >10 - 100 mg/L.
Hydrochloric acid, CAS: 7647-01-0
LC50, (96h), Lepomis macrochirus: 24,6 mg/l.
EC50, (72h), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0,78 mg/l.
EC50, (48h), Daphnia magna: 0,492 mg/l.
Thiourea, CAS: 62-56-6
LC50, (96h), Danio rerio: 10000 mg/l.
EC50, (96h), Desmodesmus subspicatus: 6,8 mg/l.
EC50, (48h), Daphnia magna: 5,6-18,0 mg/l.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Behaviour in environment compartments

No information available.

Behaviour in sewage plant

Neutralization is normally necessary before a waste water is discharged into sewage treatment plants.

Biological degradability

The surfactants contained in this preparation comply with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents.
Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on all available information not to be classified as PBT or vPvB respectively.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Harmful effect due to pH shift.

Ecological data of complete product are not available.

Do not discharge product unmonitored into the environment or into the drainage.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the Directive on waste 2008/98/EC as well as other national and local regulations. It is not possible to determine a waste code for this product in accordance with the European Waste Catalogue (EWC) since it is only possible to classify it according to how it is used by the customer. The waste code is to be determined within the EU in liaison with the waste-disposal operator.

Product

For recycling, consult manufacturer.
Coordinate disposal with the authorities if necessary.
Dispose of as hazardous waste.

Waste no. (recommended)

200129*

Contaminated packaging

Uncontaminated packaging may be taken for recycling.
Packaging that cannot be cleaned should be disposed of as for product.

Waste no. (recommended)

150110*

SECTION 14: Transport information
14.1 UN number

Transport by land according to
ADR/RID 1760

Inland navigation (ADN) 1760

Marine transport in accordance with
IMDG 1760

Air transport in accordance with IATA 1760

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14.2 UN proper shipping name

Transport by land according to ADR/RID Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrochloric acid, surfactant)

- Classification Code C9

- Label 

- ADR LQ 1 I

- ADR 1.1.3.6 (8.6) Transport category (tunnel restriction code) 2 (E)

Inland navigation (ADN) Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrochloric acid, surfactant)

- Classification Code C9

- Label 

Marine transport in accordance with IMDG Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrochloric acid, surfactant)

- EMS F-A, S-B

- Label 

- IMDG LQ 1 I

Air transport in accordance with IATA Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Hydrochloric acid, surfactant)

- Label 

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Transport by land according to ADR/RID 8

Inland navigation (ADN) 8

Marine transport in accordance with IMDG 8

Air transport in accordance with IATA 8

14.4 Packing group

Transport by land according to ADR/RID II

Inland navigation (ADN) II

Marine transport in accordance with IMDG II

Air transport in accordance with IATA II

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14.5 Environmental hazards

Transport by land according to ADR/RID no

Inland navigation (ADN) no

Marine transport in accordance with IMDG no

Air transport in accordance with IATA no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Relevant information under SECTION 6 to 8.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No information available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

EEC-REGULATIONS 1991/689 (2001/118); 1999/13; 2004/42; 648/2004; 1907/2006 (REACH); 1272/2008; 75/324/EEC (2008/47/EC); 453/2010/EC; (EU) 2015/830

TRANSPORT-REGULATIONS DOT-Classification, ADR (2015); IMDG-Code (2015, 37. Amdt.); IATA-DGR (2016).

NATIONAL REGULATIONS (GB): EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Second edition, published December 2011). CHIP 3/ CHIP 4

- **Observe employment restrictions for people** Observe employment restrictions for young people.
Observe employment restrictions for mothers-to-be and nursing mothers.

- **VOC (1999/13/CE)** No information available.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information**16.1 Hazard statements (SECTION 03)**

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H290 May be corrosive to metals.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

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16.2 Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route
 RID = Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises dangereuses
 ADN = Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voie de navigation intérieure
 CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging
 DMEL = Derived Minimum Effect Level
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
 EC50 = Median effective concentration
 ECB = European Chemicals Bureau
 EEC = European Economic Community
 EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
 ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC-Code = International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
 IC50 = Inhibition concentration, 50%
 IMDG = International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
 IUCLID = International Uniform Chemical Information Database
 LC50 = Lethal concentration, 50%
 LD50 = Median lethal dose
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
 PNEC = Predicted No-Effect Concentration
 REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
 TLV@/TWA = Threshold limit value – time-weighted average
 TLV@STEL = Threshold limit value – short-time exposure limit
 VOC = Volatile Organic Compounds
 vPvB = very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

16.3 Other information**Classification procedure**

Skin Corr. 1A: H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. (Expert judgement)
 Eye Dam. 1: H318 Causes serious eye damage. (Expert judgement)
 Carc. 2: H351 Suspected of causing cancer. (Calculation method)
 Repr. 2: H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. (Calculation method)
 Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (Calculation method)

Modified position

none



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